

DECISION MEMORANDUM

TO: COMMISSIONER KJELLANDER
COMMISSIONER SMITH
COMMISSIONER RAPER
COMMISSION SECRETARY
LEGAL
WORKING FILE

FROM: GRACE SEAMAN

DATE: OCTOBER 1, 2015

RE: QWEST CORPORATION DBA CENTURYLINK QC'S 2014
BROADBAND EQUIPMENT TAX CREDIT APPLICATION;
CASE NO. QWE-T-15-05.

BACKGROUND

In 2001, House Bill 377 was enacted authorizing income tax credit for the installation of qualifying broadband infrastructure in Idaho. *Idaho Code* § 63-3029B(3)(a)(ii). In particular, Section 63-3029I allows a taxpayer to receive an investment tax credit for eligible broadband equipment installed during a calendar year.

“Qualified broadband equipment” is defined as those network facilities capable of transmitting signals at a rate of at least 200,000 bits per seconds (bps) to a subscriber and at least 125,000 bps from a subscriber. *Idaho Code* § 63-3029I(3)(b). If the equipment is installed by a telecommunications carrier, it must also be “necessary to the provision of broadband services and an integral part of a broadband network.” *Idaho Code* § 63-3029I(3)(b)(i). To be eligible for the tax credit, the taxpayer must obtain from the Commission an Order confirming that the installed equipment meets the statutory definition of qualified broadband equipment. Procedural Order No. 28784 and *Idaho Code* § 63-3029I(4). Once the Commission has determined the installed equipment is eligible for the broadband equipment tax credit, an order along with the original Application is forwarded to the Idaho Tax Commission.

THE APPLICATION

On September 9, 2015, Qwest Corporation dba CenturyLink QC (“CenturyLink” or “Company”) filed an Application with the Commission seeking approval of equipment for the

broadband tax credit for calendar year 2014. CenturyLink states in the Application that it installed equipment associated with various forms of DSL-based broadband services (ADSL-Asymmetric Digital Subscriber Line and VDSL-Very-high-data-rate Digital Subscriber Line), using a mix of fiber and metallic cable transport, in 58 Idaho exchanges. The Company provided the following details:


<u>Transmission Rates</u>	<u>%¹</u>	<u>Investment</u>	<u>Retirements</u>	<u>Net Investment²</u>
256 Kbps—40Mbps	94	\$26,659,885	(\$1,256,636)	\$25,384,234

STAFF REVIEW AND RECOMMENDATION

Staff has reviewed the list of proposed broadband equipment and believes the identified items, minus the “Land/Building” entries, qualifies for the investment tax credit pursuant to Procedural Order No. 28784 and *Idaho Code* § 63-3029I(3)(b). Staff also believes that the expenditures identified by the Company, a telecommunications provider, were for equipment that is “necessary for the provision of broadband services and an integral part of a broadband network.” Staff, therefore, recommends that the Commission issue an Order confirming the equipment is qualified broadband equipment and forward the approving Order along with a copy of the original Application to the Idaho Tax Commission.

COMMISSION DECISION

Does the Commission wish to issue an Order confirming the equipment identified in Case No. QWE-T-15-05 is qualified broadband equipment as defined in *Idaho Code* § 63-3029I(3)(b) and forward it to the Idaho Tax Commission?


Grace Seaman

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¹ The percentage of living units (street addresses) where the Company might send a bill and where wireline plant is nearby. This figure represents the % of working qualified living units where DSL-based service could be provisioned in a short timeframe.

² Net Investment (\$25,403,249) minus Land/Building entries for Boise (\$8,062), Caldwell (\$1,297), Idaho Falls (\$3,235), Pocatello (\$3,186), and Twin Falls (\$3,235): \$25,403,249 - \$19,015 = \$25,384,234.